Regd. Office :

No. 15, New Giri Road, (Opp. Hotel Accord) Off G.N. Chetty Road, T.Nagar, Chennai - 600 017. Tel: +91 44 2834 2111 Fax: +91 44 2834 1280

E-mail : Investors@indoasiafinance.com Web : www.indoasiafinance.com

CIN-L65191TN1990PLC019060

Scrip ID : INDOASIF Dated: 18-05-2019

Scrip Code : 530747

To,

Department of Corporate Service Bombay Stock Exchange Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort Mumbai – 400 001

Dear Sir,

Sub: Audited Financial Results under Regulation 33 of the SEBI- LODR

Please find the enclosed Audited Financial Results for the Year ended 31st March, 2019 under the Regulation 33 of SEBI LODR, 2015. Also find enclosed the Audit Report by the Statutory Auditor of the Company.

This is for your kind information and records.

Thanking you.

Yours Truly

For **INDO ASIA FINANCE LIMITED**

Authorized Signatory

Agay Mishe



RAJARATHINAM & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Phone: 044-45011206 Mobile: 94440 41520 Email: arr orr@yahoo.com

To the Members of Indo Asia Finance Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of Indo Asia Finance Limited, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement for the year ended on that date and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements, plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2019 and its Loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report, are in agreement with the books of account.

- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial control over the financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g. with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position except recovery of debtors.
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. During the current financial year, the company has not declared any dividend due to losses.

Aannar Street,

FOR RAJARATHINAM & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 011135S)

Date: 29.04.2019.

Place: Chennai

R. Rajarathinam Partner

M. No. 020610.



RAJARATHINAM & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Phone : 044-45011206 Mobile : 94440 41520 Email : arr_orr@yahoo.com

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019, we report that:

- (i) a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b. The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner on regular intervals. In accordance with this program, certain fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- (ii) a. The Company is a service company, primarily rendering financial services. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories thus paragraph 3(ii) of the order is not applicable.
 - b. The Company has not granted loans during the year to any bodies corporate covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013
 - c. Since no loans are granted to body corporate, the question of maintaining the register under section 189 of the Companies Act, does not arise.
- (iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regard to purchase of fixed assets and sale of services. The activity of the company does not involve any purchase of inventory and sale of goods. We have not observed any major weakness in the internal control system during the course of the audit.
- (iv) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (v) The central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the company.



- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues on account of employees' state insurance and duty of excise. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March, 2019 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. However the company has not remitted a sum of Rs.4.27 lakhs which is payable on account of Fringe benefit tax for the assessment year 2007-2008.
- (vii) The Company incurred a loss of Rs.174.11 Lakhs and the Cash Loss incurred by the company during the financial year amounts to Rs.167.56 Lakhs.
- (viii) Based on our audit procedure and on the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institutions and banks during the year.
- (ix) The Company has appointed an internal auditor who submits reports on a monthly basis to the board of directors and based on his observations corrective action is being initiated by the board. For the purpose of this audit we have taken into consideration the internal audit reports and corrective actions initiated and arrived at our conclusions.
- (x) The company as per requirements of Stock exchange has appointed a woman director in the board.
- (xi) The company as per the norms stipulated for NBFC by RBI has provided for bad debts. Detailed picture of provision has been provided in the notes on accounts. The company has concentrated on recovery of debts and has not extended any fresh loans during the current year.
- (xii) The company has redeemed during the period under review a sum of Rs. 26.61 Lakhs towards redemption of debentures. The company has initiated plans for disposal of land to redeem further debentures. The debenture holders have also agreed to wait for redemption in this regard.

Account

- (xiii) The company has taken up a serious drive for recovery of bad debts. The company has already moved the matter in most of the cases for appointment of Arbitrator for settlement of dues and has succeeded in most of the cases. Hence there will be improvement in recovery of bad debts in the future.
- (xiv) The company has applied to Reserve Bank of India for change of licence from category 'A' to Category 'B', so that public deposits need not be taken for financing. The matter is in progress.
- (xv) The company on account of losses incurred had not declared any dividend to the shareholders during the current year.
- (xvi) The company had paid TDS, Income Tax, PF, ESI and other statutory liabilities in time and we observe that there is no default in this regard. However, income tax assessments are pending and the demand has not been raised on the company. Since the demand if any, has not been crystallized no provision has been made in the accounts.
- (xvii) In our opinion and according to the information and the explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions.
- (xviii) The company did not have any term loan outstanding during the year.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.

FOR RAJARATHINAM & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 011135S)

Date: 29.04.2019.

Place: Chennai

No. 25,

Manuar Street,

T. Nagar,

Chennai-17.

R. Rajarathinam

Partner

M. No. 020610.



RAJARATHINAM & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Phone: 044-45011206 Mobile: 94440 41520 Email: arr_orr@yahoo.com

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"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditors' Report of even date on the Standalone Financial Statements of Indo Asia Finance Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Control under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of the Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial control over financial reporting of Indo Asia Finance Limited as of March 31, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial control based on Internal Audit Report which is reviewed by the board on monthly basis and action initiated wherever necessary. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on Internal Audit Report which is reviewed by the board on monthly basis and action initiated wherever necessary.

FOR RAJARATHINAM & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 011135S)

R. Rajarathmam

Partner

M. No. 020610.

Date: 29.04.2019. Place: Chennai



INDO ASIA FINANCE LIMITED NO. 15, NEW GIRI ROAD, T. NAGAR, CHENNAI- 600 017 AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31ST March 2019

Amount in Lakh

SI. No	Particulars		As at	As at
	- artiodiaro		31-Mar-2019	31-Mar-2018
Α	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1	Shareholders' funds			
	(a) Share Capital		900.00	900.00
	(b) Share Application Money		600.00	600.00
	(c) Reserves and Surplus		(648.01)	(473.91
			851.99	1,026.09
2	Non-current liabilities			
	(a) Long-TermBorrowings	August 1	161.50	188.11
	(c) Other Long-Term Liabilities			100.11
	(d) Long-Term Provisions		343.03	214.57
			504.53	402.68
3	Current liabilities	ne (Malifornia)		402.00
	(a) Short-Term Borrowings		320,99	259.65
	(c) Other Current Liabilities		84.08	80.09
	(d) Short-Term Provisions		01.00	- 00.09
			405.07	339.74
		TOTAL	1,761.59	1,768.50
В	ASSETS			
1	Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Fixed Assets			
	(i) Tangible Assets		49.83	E0.07
	(b) Non-Current Investments		3.03	56.37
	(c) DeferredTax Assets (net)		42.61	3.70
	(d) Long-Term Loans and Advances		42.01	42.61
	(e) Other Non-Current Assets			
			95.48	102.68
2	Current Assets			
	(a) Current Investments			
	(b) Cash and Bank Balances		11.36	1.72
	(c) Short-Term Loans and Advances		1,404.68	1,414.02
	(d) Other CurrentAssets		250.08	250.09
			1,666.11	1,665.82
		TOTAL	1,761.59	1,768.50

For and on behalf of the Board for INDO ASIA FINANCE LIMITED

PADAM J CHALLANI [MANAGING DIRECTOR] [DIN. NO: 00052216]

Place: Chennai Date: 29.04.2019 Chennal 600 017

INDO ASIA FINANCE LIMITED NO. 15, NEW GIRI ROAD, T. NAGAR, CHENNAI- 600 017 AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31st March 2019

Amount in Lakh For the Year Quarter Ended ended SI. **Particulars** No 31-Mar-19 31-Dec-18 31-Mar-18 31. March-19 31. March-18 (Audited) (Audited) (Audited) (Audited) (Audited) INCOME A 1 Revenue from Operations 0.90 1.01 2.34 8.61 19.50 2 Other Income 4.08 36.27 10.04 36.11 41.38 3 Total 4.98 37.28 12.38 44.72 60.88 Expenses (a) Finance Costs 4.35 5.64 5.13 21.27 23.71 (b) Employee Benefits Expense 7.91 5.52 8.90 27.39 34.64 (c) Depreciation and Amortisation Expense 2.34 (0.48)2.34 6.54 9.28 (d) Other Expenses 12.72 6.87 8.99 35.17 35.17 (e)Provisions /Write offs 64.14 21.44 20.37 128.46 85.77 Total expenses 86.25 44.20 45.73 218.83 188.57 Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (3 - 4) 5 (81.27)(6.92)(33.35)(174.11)(127.69)6 Profit before extraordinary items and tax (5 ± 6) 7 (81.27)(6.92)(33.35)(174.11)(127.69)Extraordinary Items 8 Profit before Tax (7 ± 8) 9 (81.27)(6.92)(33.35)(174.11)(127.69)10 Tax expense: (a) Current tax expense (b) Deferred Tax Expense (b) Short Provisions of Tax of Earlier Years Profit After Tax from Continuing Operations (9 ±10) 11 (81.27)(6.92)(33.35)(174.11)(127.69)12 Earnings per share (excluding extraordinary items) (of `10/each): (a) Basic & Diluted (i) Continuing operations (0.90)(0.08)(0.37)(1.93)(1.42)

For and on behalf of the Board for INDO ASIA FINANCE LIMITED

(ii) Total operations

PADAM J CHALLANI [MANAGING DIRECTOR] [DIN. NO: 00052216]

Place Chennai Date: 29.04.2019



(0.90)

(0.08)

(0.37)

(1.93)

(1.42)